

1. A study of elite distance runners found a mean body weight of 63.1 kilograms (kg), with a standard deviation of 4.8 kg.
 - (a) Assuming that the distribution of weights is Normal, make an accurate sketch of the weight distribution with the horizontal axis marked in kilograms.
 - (b) Use the 68–95–99.7 rule to find the proportion of runners whose body weight is between 48.7 and 67.9 kg. Show your method.
 - (c) Calculate and interpret the 45th percentile of the runners' body weight distribution.
2. Use Table A to find the proportion of observations from a standard Normal distribution that satisfies $-1.51 < Z < 0.84$. Sketch the Normal curve and shade the area under the curve that is the answer to the question.
3. Give an example of a quantitative variable that does *not* have a Normal distribution. Justify your answer.